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Conic sections are curves that result from the intersection of a cone and a plane. We will be looking at all four curves: circle, parabola, ellipse and the hyperbola.

(a) Circle

(b) Ellipse

(c) Parabola

(d) Hyperbola

## I. Parabola

Parabola - a collection, or locus, of all points $P$ in the plane that are the same distance from a fixed point as they are from a fixed line. The point $F$ is the focus and the line is its directrix.

these distances are equal: $d(F, P)=d(P, D)$
For the parabola that opens along the x -axis:

$$
y^{2}=4 a x
$$

where:
vertex at ( 0,0 ) \& focus at ( $a, 0$ )
"a "is the distance from the vertex to the focus of
a parabola
A. Graphs with Vertex at ( 0,0 )

A parabola will open onto the positive or negative $x$ - or $y$-axes:
Equations of a Parabola, Vertex at $(0,0)$ and the Focus is on an Axis

| equation | vertex | focus | directrix | description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y^{2}=4 a x$ | $(0,0)$ | $(a, 0)$ | $x=-a$ | opens on the positive $x a x i s$ |
| $y^{2}=-4 a x$ | $(0,0)$ | $(-a, 0)$ | $x=a$ | opens on the negative $x$-axis |
| $x^{2}=4 a y$ | $(0,0)$ | $(0, a)$ | $y=-a$ | open on the positive $y$-axis |
| $x^{2}=-4 a y$ | $(0,0)$ | $(0,-a)$ | $y=a$ | opens on the negative $y$-axis |


(a) $y^{2}=4 a x$

(b) $y^{2}--4 a x$

(c) $x^{2}=4 a y$

(d)

1. Analyze the equation and graph $y^{2}=8 x$. vertex:
focus:
directrix:

2. Analyze the equation and graph $x^{2}=-12 y$. vertex:
focus:
directrix:

3. Find an equation of a parabola with a vertex at $(0,0)$ and a focus at $(3,0)$.

4. Find an equation of a parabola with a focus at $(0,4)$ and a directrix line $y=-4$.

5. Find the equation of the parabola with vertex at $(0,0)$ if its axis of symmetry is the x-axis and its graph contains the point $(-1 / 2,2)$.
B. Graphs with Vertex and (h, k)

| equation | vertex | focus | directrix | description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(y-k)^{2}=4 a(x-h)$ | $(h, k)$ | $(h+a, k)$ | $x=h-a$ | opens right |
| $(y-k)^{2}=-4 a(x-h)$ | $(h, k)$ | $(h-a, k)$ | $x=h+a$ | opens left |
| $(x-h)^{2}=4 a(y-k)$ | $(h, k)$ | $(h, k+a)$ | $y=k-a$ | opens up |
| $(x-h)^{2}=-4 a(y-k)$ | $(h, k)$ | $(h, k-a)$ | $y=k+a$ | opens down |

6. Find an equation of the parabola with vertex at $(-2,3)$ and focus at $(0,3)$.

7. Analyze the equation and graph $x^{2}+4 x-4 y=0$. vertex:
focus:
directrix:

