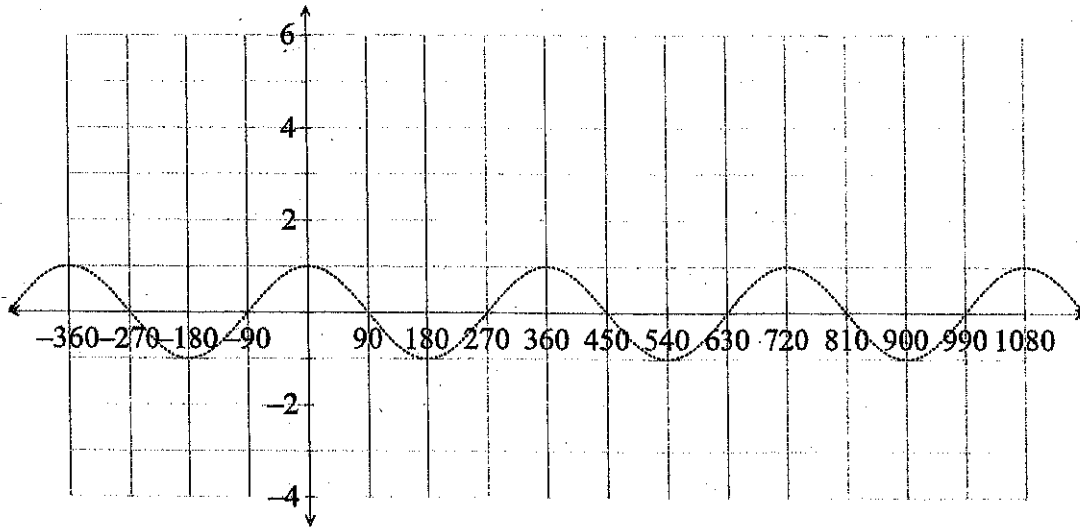


3-6 Notes Transformations of Trig Graphs

Name: _____

Let's consider a transformed function that is written as $f(x) = \cos x + D$.

A graph of the function $f(x) = \cos x$ is shown. Sketch the graphs of the functions $g(x) = \cos(x) + 4$ and $h(x) = \cos(x) - 3$ on the same coordinate plane. Then identify the midline, maximum value, minimum value, amplitude, and period for each function.



Function	$f(x) = \cos x$	$g(x) = \cos(x) + 4$	$h(x) = \cos(x) - 3$
Max & Min Values	Max: Min:	Max: Min:	Max: Min:
Amplitude (a)			
Midline (d)			
Period (Pd)			
Key Points (Kp)			
Range			
Domain			

General Equation for Cosine: $y = a \cos(bx) + d$

$a = \text{amplitude} = \frac{|Max - Min|}{2}$

$d = \text{midline} = \frac{Max + Min}{2}$

$b = \text{frequency (\# of cycles from 0 to } 360^\circ)$

$(b \times \text{Period}) = 360^\circ \text{ or } 2\pi$

$\text{Key Points (KP)} = \frac{\text{Period}}{4}$

For each function, identify the Midline, Amplitude, Period, and Key Points. Then graph the function. Be sure to label the axes.

3. $f(x) = 4 \cos x - 1$

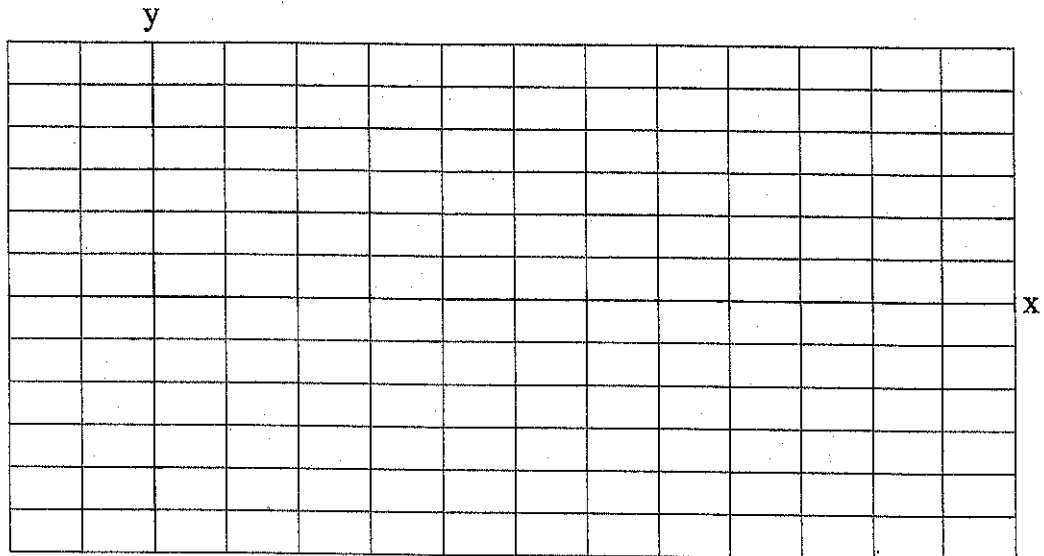
a =

d =

b =

Pd =

KP =



4. $f(x) = -3 \cos x + 2$

a =

d =

b =

Pd =

KP =

